Phần I: Lý thuyết

A. Vocabulary
- Television
- Sport and games

B. Pronunciation:
- Cách đọc đuôi “ed” sau động từ có quy tắc ở thì quá khứ đơn.

C. Grammar:
- Wh-questions.
- Conjunctions (Liên từ): and, but, so, because, although.
- thì quá khứ đơn.
- Câu mệnh lệnh

Phần II. Bài tập:

I. Put the words into two groups (/ ð / and / s /).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>both</th>
<th>three</th>
<th>theme</th>
<th>thing</th>
<th>tooth</th>
<th>those</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>theater</td>
<td>bathroom</td>
<td>than</td>
<td>thunder</td>
<td>there</td>
<td>thrilling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mother</td>
<td>feather</td>
<td>birthday</td>
<td>the</td>
<td>weather</td>
<td>earth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>/ ð /</th>
<th>/ s /</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

II. Put the words into two groups (/ æ / and / iə /)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ear</th>
<th>there</th>
<th>here</th>
<th>fair</th>
<th>where</th>
<th>air</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>chair</td>
<td>dear</td>
<td>share</td>
<td>wear</td>
<td>appear</td>
<td>year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>series</td>
<td>fear</td>
<td>pair</td>
<td>cheer</td>
<td>idea</td>
<td>near</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
III. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. A. run  
2. A. wet  
3. A. close  
4. A. bear  
5. A. come  

B. fun  
C. sun  
D. music  
B. pretty  
C. rest  
D. better  
B. know  
C. other  
D. go  
B. fear  
C. near  
D. dear  
B. no  
C. open  
D. home

B. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

I. Circle the odd out.

1. A. went  
2. A. museum  
3. A. spring  
4. A. a fever  
5. A. cool  
6. A. when  
7. A. but  
8. A. sports  
9. A. played  

B. wrote  
C. played  
D. clean  
B. place  
C. swimming pool  
D. school  
B. going  
C. doing  
D. swimming  
B. a cough  
C. a stomachache  
D. a letter  
B. hot  
C. weather  
D. cold  
B. so  
C. and  
D. what  
B. watching  
C. reading  
D. drawing

II. Give the names of the following, then read the words aloud (the first letter of each word is given).

1. e ____________ 2. t ____________ 3. w ____________ 4. r ____________

III. Choose the best item among A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. ________ is the most expensive city in the world? - I think it’s Tokyo.
   A. What  
   B. Where  
   C. When  
   D. How

2. ________ is your favorite tennis player? – I don’t like tennis.
   A. Where  
   B. Who  
   C. How often  
   D. How long

3. My brother can’t swim ________ he’s afraid (sò) of water.
   A. because  
   B. and  
   C. but  
   D. so

4. My sister likes going to the cinema ________ I like watching TV at home.
   A. and  
   B. but  
   C. because  
   D. or

5. ________ pen is this? Can I borrow it?
   A. Whose  
   B. Whom  
   C. Who  
   D. Which

6. ________ are you going to invite to your party next week?
   A. What  
   B. Who  
   C. Whose  
   D. Where
7. ________ did you spend in Hanoi? – One week.
   A. How many  B. How much  C. How long  D. How often
8. ________ is a person who reads a report in the program.
   A. A weatherman  B. A comedian  C. A newsreader  D. A guest
9. We use a ________ to change the channels from a distance.
   A. remote control  B. TV schedule  C. newspaper  D. volume button
10. Did/ stayed  B. Didn’t/ didn’t stayed  C. Did/ didn’t stayed  D. Did/ stayed
11. I ____________ his car to work while he was sleeping.
   A. drive  B. drove  C. driving  D. driven
12. The man ____________ the door and ____________ pieces of paper.
    A. open/ thrown  B. opened/ threw  C. open/throw  D. open/throw
13. He ____________ them into a room.
    A. led  B. lead  C. leaded  D. leads
14. He ____________ off his hat and ____________ into the room.
    A. take/ went  B. take/ go  C. taken /go  D. took/ went
15. The meeting ____________ 5 minutes ago.
    A. finished  B. finish  C. did not finish  D. did finish
16. When ____________ she ____________ the report?
    A. do/ finish  B. did/ finished  C. did/ finish D. didn’t/ finished
17. I ____________ my close friend a cushion for her chair yesterday.
    A. gave  B. give  C. gived  D. given
18. Hoa’s neighbor ____________ her and then ____________ it very well.
    A. helped/ fits  B. helped/ fit  C. help/ fitted  D. helped/ fitted
19. I ____________ what teacher ____________ in the last lesson.
    A. didn’t understand/ said  B. didn’t understood/ said
    C. understand/ say  D. understood/ say
20. Yesterday, I ____________ to a souvenir shop near the exit of the aquarium.
    A. go  B. gone  C. went  D. goes
21. My brother likes watching TV ____________ I like going out with my friends.
    A. and  B. but  C. or  D. so
22. ____________ do you take morning exercise? – Because it’s good for my health.
    A. What  B. Why  C. When  D. Where
23. They cancelled their picnic ____________ the weather was so bad.
    A. because  B. when  C. but  D. so
24. ____________ you play sport last night?
    A. Do  B. Did  C. Are  D. Were
25. She ____________ a ball for her boy yesterday.
    A. buy  B. buys  C. bought  D. buying

Ex:  What is your name? - My name’s Trung.
1. ________ is your family name? - It’s Nguyen.
2. ________ old are you? - I’m thirteen.
5. ________ is it from your house to school? - About three kilometers.
6. ________ do you go to school? - By bus.
7. ________ do you go to school? - At half past six.
8. ________ are you late? - Because I miss the bus.

V. Fill in the blank with although, and, because, but, or, since, so, unless, until, when.
1. Things were different __________ I was young.
2. I do it __________ I like it.
3. Let us wait here __________ the rain stops.
4. You cannot be a lawyer __________ you have a law degree.
5. She has not called __________ she left last week.
6. I saw him leaving one __________ two hours ago.
7. This is an expensive __________ very useful book.
8. We were getting tired __________ we stopped for a rest.
9. He was angry __________ he heard when happened.
10. Walk quickly __________ you will be late.
11. He had to retire __________ of illness.
12. We will go swimming next Sunday __________ it doesn’t rain.
13. I heard a noise __________ I turned the light on.
14. Would you like a coffee __________ tea?

VI. Complete the following sentences with the words in the box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>and</th>
<th>but</th>
<th>so</th>
<th>because</th>
<th>although</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
1. Children love cartoons __________ they make them feel happy.
2. __________ the newsreader speaks really fast, my father can hear everything.
3. The animal programme is late __________ I can’t wait for it.
4. Some game shows are popular, __________ I never watch them?
5. My sister is a weatherwoman, my father is a newsreader.

VII. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
1. I (not be) very happy yesterday.
2. The people in the café (not be) friendly when I was there yesterday.
3. I (leave) my school bag at school this morning.
5. Our teacher (tell) us to be quiet yesterday.
6. I went to the shop but I (not have) any money.
7. Susan (not know) about the exam and she did very badly.
8. I (buy) a ticket for the football match yesterday.

VIII. Complete the sentences with the correct form of do or play.
1. Do you often __________ exercises?
2. My Dad __________ exercises football for the town team when he was young.
3. My sister enjoys __________ table tennis in her free time.
4. My brother __________ basketball for the school team.
5. We __________ gymnastics at school yesterday.
6. I like __________ tennis.
7. My friend __________ judo twice a week.
8. My mother __________ yoga at the new sports centre.

C. READING

I. Fill in each blank with one suitable word in the box to complete the passage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>world</th>
<th>studio</th>
<th>programmes</th>
<th>laugh</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>meet</td>
<td>competition</td>
<td>entertainment</td>
<td>comedians</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
There are many TV programmes for children that offer interesting channels for (1) ___________ and learning. When watching the (2) ___________, children can visit far-away lands, (3) ___________ interesting people, learn about the (4) ___________ around them, (5) ___________ with the (6) ___________ and be entertained by the funny and colourful cartoons. Children can also participate in a TV (7) ___________ or become a guest at the (8) ___________ of a programme.

II. Read the passage and do the tasks below.

WHO WANTS TO BE A MILLIONAIRE?

One of the most popular quiz programmes on television in the world is called Who Wants To Be A Millionaire? In Britain, the quiz master is Chris Tarrant. He asks the contestants fifteen questions. The first questions are easy but later they are more difficult. If you can answer the fourteenth question, you can win £500,000. You can win a million pounds if you can answer the last question. Of course, the last question is very difficult.

All the questions on Who Wants To Be A Millionaire? are multiple-choice questions. After you hear the question, you see four answers. Only one answer is correct. You have to choose the correct answer. If you don’t know the answer to a question, there are three ways you can get help: you can ask the quizmaster to take away two wrong answers; you can ask the studio audience which answer is right; or you can telephone a friend and ask for help. You can only do these things once. Very few people win the million pounds. The first person won a million pounds one year after the programme started.

Today, Who Wants To Be A Millionaire? can be seen in more than 100 countries and is now the world’s most popular quiz programme.

1. Who is the quizmaster in Britain?
   A. Chris Tarrant  B. Chris Tarrante  C. Peter Tarrant  D. Tarrant

2. How many questions do you have to answer?
   A. 12  B. 13  C. 14  D. 15

3. How much do you win for the fourteenth question?
   A. 300.000  B. 400.000  C. 500.000  D. 600.000

4. How many ways can you get help?
   A. one  B. two  C. three  D. four

III. Fill in the blank with a suitable word.

| open       | forget   | come      | be        | bring     | have      | turn      | wait      | make |

Dear John,

(1) _______Come____ and see me next weekend. I’m staying in a house by the sea. Don’t (2) ___________ to bring your swimming costume with you! It isn’t difficult to find the house. When you get to the crossroads in the town, (3) ___________ right and drive to the end of the road. (4) ___________ careful because it is a dangerous road! (5) ___________ some warm clothes with you because it is cold in the evenings here. If I am not at home when you arrive, don’t (6) ___________ for me. The key to the house is under the big white stone in the garden. (7) ___________ the front door and (8) ___________ yourself a cup of tea in the kitchen! (9) ___________ a good journey!

Best wishes,

Vinh

D. WRITING

I. Make sentences using the future simple tense: will + verb (inf. without to).

Ex:  I/ go/ the supermarket/ tomorrow
     I’ll go to the supermarket tomorrow.

1. We/ travel/ Nha Trang/ next week

2. Nga and Lan/ visit/ their grandparents

Ex:  I/ come/ to the party/ next week
     I’ll come to the party next week.

Ex:  I/ have/ a good time/ next week
     I’ll have a good time next week.

Ex:  I/ turn/ on/ the lights/ next week
     I’ll turn on the lights next week.

Ex:  I/ wait/ for/ the bus/ next week
     I’ll wait for the bus next week.

Ex:  I/ make/ a cake/ next week
     I’ll make a cake next week.
3. They/ go/ the movies/ tonight

4. Hoa/ have/ lots of friends/ soon

5. I/ come/ after lunch

6. He/ see/ you/ tomorrow afternoon.

7. My father/ be free/ at 7.30 this evening

8. The students/ go camping/ next Sunday

II. Rewrite the sentences with **but, and, so, because, although**:

1. We know him. We know his friends.

2. The coat was soft. The coat was warm.

3. It is stupid to do that. It is quite unnecessary.

4. I wanted to go. He wanted to stay.

5. Your arguments are strong. They don’t convince me.

6. You can go there by bus. You can go there by train.

7. I was feeling tired. I went to bed when I got home.

27. I don’t watch news. It is boring.

28. Her car is broken. She goes to work by taxi.

29. The programme is boring. The MC is bored.

30. She is seeing a movie at cinema. The film is terrifying.

III. Write the questions for the underlined words or phrases.

**Ex:** I get up **at six** every day.
   → *What time do you get up every day?*

1. Minh brushes his teeth **twice a day**.
   →

2. Simon is in a lot of pain now **because he has a toothache**.
   →

3. I felt **sick** after eating that food.
   →

4. Nga went to see the dentist **last week**.
   →

5. Dr Lai will check your teeth.
   →

6. It took Dr Phong **10 minutes** to fill Van’s tooth.
   →
7. My brother is going to the hospital.

8. Mr. Cuong did morning exercises at 5.30 yesterday.

9. Hoa received her aunt’s letter five days ago.

10. There are twelve students in Lien’s class having toothache.

IV. Fill in the blank using the words in the box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Turn left</th>
<th>Come in</th>
<th>Don’t wait</th>
<th>Don’t forget</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stop the car!</td>
<td>Help me!</td>
<td>Have</td>
<td>Don’t listen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Don’t be late!</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Come</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catch</td>
<td>Take</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Don’t wait for me. I’m not coming tonight.
2. Please bring an umbrella with you. It’s raining.
3. Take a rest. You look tired.
4. Turn left at the end of the street.
5. Don’t wait! I can’t swim!
6. Catch to take your passport.
7. Pass There’s a mouse in the road.
8. Catch to my cocktail party, please.
10. Stop the car! the salt, please.
11. Stop the car! to that record. It’s terrible.
12. Stop the car! The train leaves at 8 o’clock.
13. Stop the car! and have a glass of lemonade.
14. Stop the car! the first train in the morning.

V. Rewrite the following sentences, using the structure of imperative.

Ex: You should go to bed early. Go to bed early. You should not stay up late. Don’t stay up late.

1. You should brush your teeth after meals.

2. You should not play soccer in the street.

3. You should wash and iron your own clothes.

4. You should not eat too much candy.

5. You should wash your hands before meals.

6. You should not worry about the examination.

7. You should tidy your room every day.

8. You should not forget to write to your parents.
TỔ TRƯỞNG
(kí, ghi rõ họ tên)

Phạm Lan Phương

NHÓM TRƯỞNG
(kí, ghi rõ họ tên)

Lê Thị Hằng