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| PHÒNG GD-ĐT QUẬN ĐỐNG ĐA **TRƯỜNG THCS HUYVĂN** |  |

 |  **NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP - MÔN TIẾNG ANH9****(Thời gian nghỉ dịch covid-19 từ ngày 30/3->5/4)**  |

**I. MULTIPLE CHOICE: (8.0 pts)**

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differ from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

Question 1: A. stor**age** B. encour**age** C. short**age** D. gar**age**

Question 2: A. amu**s**ing B. practi**s**ing C. adverti**s**ing D. ari**s**ing

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

Question 3: A. application B. certificate C. biology D. security

Question 4: A. academic B. engineering C. available D. sympathetic

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

Question 5: If wewould havea large garden, we would plant a lot of flowers in it.

 A B C D

Question 6: Nha Trang, that has a long beach, attracts many foreign visitors.

 A B C D

Question 7: Although my sister was tired, but she helped me with my homework.

 A B C D

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

Question 8: She had been depressed all day, but she started to \_\_\_\_\_\_ after she heard that she was promoted.

A. shout out B. cheer up C. take up D. break up

Question 9: There was nothing they could do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leave the car at the roadside where it had broken down.

A. instead of B. unless C. but D. than

Question 10: When you \_\_\_\_ him, give him my best wishes.

A. have visited B. visit C. will visit D. would visit

Question 11: In recent years, more and more people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for things with credit cards.

A. pay B. are paid C. are paying D. have been paid

Question 12: He works for a computer company \_\_\_\_\_ produces software.

A. who B. which C. where D. whose

Question 13: Many teenagers show signs of anxiety and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when being asked about their future.

A. depressed B. depression C. depressing D. depress

Question 14: Kieu story, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Nguyen Du, is very interesting.

A. which writes B. wrote C. was written D. written

Question 15: If she had known how awful the job was going to be, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. would accept B. wouldn’t accept

C. wouldn’t have accepted D. would have accepted

Question 16: John asked me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English.

A. what does this word mean B. what that word means

C. what did this word mean D. what that word meant

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

Question 17: - Mark: “What an attractive hair style you’ve got, Mary!”. – Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Thank you very much. I am afraid B. You are telling a lie

C. Thank you for your compliment D. I don’t like your sayings

Question 18: - Rebecca: “Do you think that we should use public transportation to protect our environment?”

– Dan: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Yes, that’s an absurd idea B. There’s no doubt about it

C. Of course no. You bet D. Well, that’s very surprising

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

Question 19: The music is what makes the movie so **memorable**.

A. eventful B. remarkable C. incredible D. unforgettable

Question 20: You should **concentrate on** what the interviewer is saying and make a real effort to answer all the questions the interview asks.

A. take notes B. focus on C. follow D. write down

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

Question 21: She had a **cozy** little apartment in Boston.

A. uncomfortable B. warm C. lazy D. dirty

Question 22: He decided not to buy the **fake** watch and wait until he had more money.

A. authentic B. forger C. faulty D. original

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

Most British people go abroad on holiday to visit family, or on short business trip. People are (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to find out how to get urgent treatment before leaving the UK. They have to (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a form which explains what they should do if they fall ill or have an accident, and what arrangements exists in their country for medical treatment. The regulations are fairly simple but (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people do not have this information, they may find that private medical care is extremely expensive. It is not (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for people to discover that they do not have enough money with them to pay the total costs and in such (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, an already difficult situation becomes even more complicated.

Question 23: A. advised B. suggested C. said D. spoken

Question 24: A. put B. bring C. fill D. get

Question 25: A. because B. though C. unless D. if

Question 26: A. strange B. unusual C. abnormal D. infrequent

Question 27: A. conditions B. positions C. circumstances D. places

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

Over the past 600 years, English has grown from a language of a few speakers to become the dominant language of international communication. English as we know it today emerged around 1350, after having incorporated many elements of French that were introduced following the Norman invasion of 1066. Until the 1600s, English was, for the most part, spoken only in England and had not extended even as far as Wales, Scotland, or Ireland. However, during the course of the next two centuries, English began to spread around the globe as a result of exploration, trade (including slave trade), colonization, and missionary work. Thus, small enclaves of English speakers became established and grew in various parts of the world. As these communities **proliferated**, English gradually became the primary language of international business, banking and diplomacy.

Currently, about 80 percent of the information stored on computer systems worldwide is English. Two-third of the world’s science writing is in English and English is the main language of technology, advertising, media, international airports, and air traffic controllers. Today there are more than 700 million English users in the world, and over half of these are nonnative speakers, constituting the largest number of nonnative users than any other language in the world.

Question 28: What is the main topic of this passage?

A.The French influence on the English language

B. The history of the English language

C. The expansion of English as an international language

D. The use of English for science and technology

Question 29: Approximately when did the English begin to be used beyond England?

A.In 1066 B.Around 1350 C.Before 1600 D. After 1600

Question 30.According to the passage, all of the following contributed to the spread of English around the world EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.the slave trade B.missionary

C. the Norman invasion D.colonization

Question 31.The underlined word “**proliferated**” in the passage is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. prospered B.organized C.disbanded D.expanded

Question 32.It can referred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. English first appeared more than a thousand years ago.

B. England colonized different parts of the world in the early 2nd millennium

C. English is taught in primary schools all over the world.

D. English is not the language with the largest native speakers in the world.

IX. ***Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the given words.***

Question 33: Although it rained heavily, he went to school on time. **Despite**

1. Despite  heavy rain, he went to school on time.
2. Despite it rained heavily , he went to school on time.
3. Despite  heavily rain, he went to school on time.
4. Despite  heavily raining, he went to school on time.

Question 34: “How about giving Tim a pair of shoes on his birthday tonight?” said Jane. **suggested**

1. Jane suggested to giving Tim a pair of shoes on his birthday tonight
2. Jane suggested giving Tim a pair of shoes on his birthday that night
3. Jane suggested giving Tim a pair of shoes on his birthday tonight
4. Jane suggested of giving Tim a pair of shoes on his birthday that night

Question 35: People thought that Mary had paid too much. **It**

1. It was thought that Mary to have paid too much.
2. It was thought that Mary paid too much.
3. It was thought that Mary had paid too much.
4. It was thought that Mary to had paid too much.

Question 36: He prefers soccer to volleyball. **rather**

1. He’d rather play soccer to volleyball
2. He’d rather play soccer of volleyball
3. He’d rather playing soccer than volleyball
4. He’d rather play soccer than volleyball

***Combine two sentences into a new one using the given words in brackets. Do not change the given words in any ways.***

Question 37: I regret giving him my phone number. (**WISH**)

A. I wish I don’t give him my phone number.

B. I wish I wasn’t giving him my phone number.

C. I wish I was giving him my phone number.

D. I wish I didn’t give him my phone number.

Question 38: No one has explained why our flight is delayed. (**REASON**)

A. The reason no one has explained why our flight is delayed.

B. No one has explained why the reason our flight is delayed.

C. No one has explained the reason why our flight is delayed.

D. No one has explained why our flight is delayed the reason.

Question 39: Because my teacher helped me, I could write a good essay. (**HADN’T**)

A. If my teacher hadn’t helped me, I would not written a good essay.

B. If my teacher hadn’t helped me, I would not have written a good essay.

C. If my teacher hadn’t helped me, I would not have write a good essay.

D. If my teacher hadn’t helped me, I would not have wrote a good essay.

Question 40: It was childish of him not to accept my apologies. (**REFUSE**)

A. It was childish of him to refuse my apologies.

B. It was childish of him not to refuse my apologies.

C. It was childish of him that refuse my apologies.

D. It was childish of him with refuse my apologies.