

WRITTEN TEST - Grade 8 – (Week 11)

School year: 2019- 2020

Time: 45 minutes

Mark	Teacher's comments
------	--------------------

A.PHONETICS (1.25pts)

Choose the word that is stressed differently from that of the other words.

- 1. A. rescue B. supply C. erupt D. damage
- 2. A. mudslide B. earthquake C. typhoon D. debris
- 3. A. hurricane B. tornado C. volcano D. eruption
- 4. A. disaster B. injury C. tsunami D. provision
- 5. A. tropical B. natural C. terrible D. destructive

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (5pts)

I. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence. (2.5pts)

- 6. A _____ is sudden flooding that occurs when water rises quickly within several hours of a heavy rain.
A. quick flood B. rapid flood C. flash flood D. hot flood
- 7. Monsoon rains across Thailand _____ millions of people in 61 of its provinces.
A. has affected B. have affected C. have effect D. have influenced
- 8. Typhoon Haiyan made the damage, and _____ of life became great in the Philippines.
A. lose B. loses C. losing D. loss
- 9. Thanks to the extensive _____ measures taken, loss of life in Typhoon Xangsane in Da Nang and other provinces seemed to be relatively low.
A. prevent B. preventive C. prevention D. preventing
- 10. A number of other provinces will declare drought _____ in the coming weeks.
A. accident B. emergency C. event D. situation
- 11. In some areas, human _____ can be a contributing factor in causing landslides.
A. acts B. actions C. acting D. activities
- 12. The Pacific Ring of Fire is an area of frequent _____ and volcanic _____, encircling the basin of the Pacific Ocean.
A. floods-eruptions B. earthquake-flood
C. flood-eruption D. earthquakes-eruptions
- 13. Magma is the liquid rock inside a volcano, but lava is magma that _____ a volcano.
A. flows B. flows into C. flows out D. flows out of
- 14. A soft, loose soil may _____ more intensely than hard rock at the same distance from the same earthquake.
A. erupt B. rage C. shake D. collapse
- 15. During the next 24 hours, the storm will be moving north, around 10 km per hour and is expected to _____ the southeastern part of China's Guangdong Province.
A. strike B. scatter C. bury D. struck

II)-Complete the sentences, using the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets. (1.25pts)

16. Severe damage to environment _____ by prolonged droughts in Central Vietnam last July. (cause)
17. Tomorrow the dam _____ to prevent salt water from entering the fields in Tien Giang Province. (close)
18. The hot weather _____ to continue while there were longer hours of sunshine. (expect)
19. Two naval ships _____ to the island to rescue fishermen. (send)
20. Oil rigs throughout the Gulf of Mexico _____ during Hurricane Katrina. (hit)

III. Complete each sentence with the correct word from the box. (1.25pts)

drought	flood	hurricane	landslide
tornado			

21. When there is a _____, a lot of water covers an area where the usually isn't water.
22. A _____ refers to a long time without rain.
23. When there is _____, a lot of rocks and earth fall down a hill.
24. A _____ is a storm with a lot of wind that moves over water.
25. A _____ is a storm in which the air moves very quickly in a circle.

C. READING (2.5pts)

Read the text, and do the tasks that follow.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes are among the deadliest natural disasters, causing the largest numbers of casualties, the highest death tolls, and the greatest destruction. In 1556 in China, the deadliest earthquake in history killed 830,000 people. But many other earthquakes have caused the deaths of more than 100,000 people, and it is not unusual, even in modern times, for an earthquake death toll to reach 20,000 to 30,000 people with hundreds of thousands left homeless and with countless injured. The floodwaters of the 2004 tsunami in Sumatra, which killed over 200,000 people, were caused by a catastrophic earthquake.

Task 1: Match a word in column A with its definition in column B, writing the answer in each blank. (1.25pts)

Answer	A	B
_____	26. deadly (adj)	A. a person killed in a war or disaster
_____	27. casualty (n)	B. very many
_____	28. (death) toll (n)	C. causing great damage
_____	29. countless (adj)	D. causing death
_____	30. catastrophic (adj)	E. the number of people who were killed by something.

Task 2: Decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F). (1.25pts)

	T	F
31. Earthquakes are one of the deadliest natural disasters.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
32. In modern times, the number of deaths caused by an earthquake is limited.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
33. China is the country with the deadliest earthquake in history.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
34. Earthquakes cause lots of death toll, homelessness and injuries.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
35. Earthquakes do not cause tsunamis at all.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

D. WRITING (1.25pts)

Change into passive voice.

36 . Mary types letters in the office.

.....

37. His father will help you tomorrow.

.....

38. Science and technology have completely changed human life.

.....

39. Peter broke this bottle.

.....

40. They are learning English in the room.

.....

-----The end-----

TỔ TRƯỞNG

(kí và ghi rõ họ tên)

Phạm Lan Phương

NHÓM TRƯỞNG

(kí và ghi rõ họ tên)

Bùi Thị Thùy Dương